

I. 選擇 40%

- Which verb describes the way someone might speak if they were nervous, for example, during an important job interview?
(A) shout (B) murmur
(C) stammer (D) mutter
- Find the best meaning for the underlined word in this sentence: *The host's greetings were too ceremonious to be friendly.*
(A) lawful (B) formal
(C) plain (D) down-to-earth
- Find the best meaning for the underlined phrase in this sentence: *His friends put him up to jumping off the cliff.*
(A) instigate (B) criticize
(C) tolerate (D) follow
- Which two words do not express similar feelings?
(A) ecstatic, excited (B) apprehensive, anxious
(C) loathe, detest (D) composed, disquieted
- Here are some nouns which are related to the same topic: *arson, homicide, burglary, smuggling, forgery, assault.* What is the topic?
(A) movie (B) crime
(C) gun (D) accident
- Find the best words for the gap in this sentence: *The discovery of the halftone process in photography in 1881 made it _____ photographs in books and newspapers.*
(A) the possible reproduction
(B) possible to reproduce
(C) the possibility of reproducing
(D) possibly reproduced
- Find the best sentence to complete the conversation.
Mary: Do you have a date for the party yet?
Helen: No, I don't. Do you think you could help me find one?
Mary: I think I know just the guy for you--Bob Branson.
Helen: No, I don't think so. He is too opinionated.

(A) He always comes up with strange ideas.
(B) He gets angry easily.
(C) He likes to make a big deal about his accomplishments.
(D) He always expresses very strong beliefs about things.
- Which is NOT a possible paraphrase of this sentence: *The governor is a dirty street fighter.*
(A) The governor fights dirty streets.
(B) The governor fights unfairly in the streets.
(C) The governor fights dirty people in the streets.
(D) The governor is a dirty individual who fights in the streets.

- Find the sentence which is closest in meaning to this sentence: *The encyclopedias were all out of order.*
(A) The order of the encyclopedias has been cancelled.
(B) The encyclopedias were improperly arranged.
(C) The encyclopedias weren't any good.
(D) The encyclopedias weren't checked out.
- Find the best answer for B.
A: At Water World I'd love to speed down a giant water slide.
B: _____
(A) What's your favorite thing to do at a theme park?
(B) Oh, that's easy.
(C) Swimming in wave pools sounds fun too.
(D) The most romantic ride I have ever been on is at Future World.

II. 重組 (全對才給分) 15%

- Here are some ways of asking people to do things. Put them in order from the least formal to the most formal.
(A) Could I possibly borrow your dictionary?
(B) Can you lend me your dictionary?
(C) I was wondering whether I could possibly borrow your dictionary.
(D) Do you think you could possibly lend me your dictionary?
(E) Lend me your dictionary.
- Rearrange the following sentences into a well-organized paragraph.
(A) In modern times, drama is brought directly into people's homes through the magic of television.
(B) The Greek tragedies and comedies were a central part of the life of the citizens of ancient Greece.
(C) Ever since the time of the Greeks, drama has played an important role in people's lives.
(D) During the Middle Ages, Bible stories were acted out in churches, and wandering companies of players performed in the streets.
- Rearrange the following sentences into a well-organized paragraph.
(A) The second advantage is that you can add words or sentences in the middle of a paragraph and then command the computer to put your text back in proper paragraph form.
(B) With a typed text, this can be accomplished only with scissors and paste, which produces sloppy-looking work.
(C) Word processors have several advantages over typewriters.
(D) When using a standard typewriter, the only way to add new information is to retype the entire paragraph.

(E) First, with a word processor it is possible to type over a word or words that you want to change, while with a standard typewriter it is necessary either to erase or use correction fluid or tape and then type in the corrections.

(F) A third benefit of using a computer to write is that you can move entire paragraphs within longer papers simply by pushing a key.

III. 閱讀測驗 20%

The Winterthur Museum is a collection and a house. There are many museums devoted to the decorative arts and many house museums, but rarely in the United States is a great collection displayed in a great country house. Passing through successive generations of a single family, Winterthur has been a private estate for more than a century. Even after the extensive renovations made to it between 1929 and 1931, the house remained a family residence. This fact is of importance to the atmosphere and effect of the museum. The impression of a lived-in house is apparent to the visitor; the rooms look as if they were vacated only a short while ago—whether by the original owners of the furniture or the most recent residents of the house can be a matter of personal interpretation. Winterthur remains, then, a house in which a collection of furniture and architectural elements has been assembled. Like an English country house, it is an organic structure; the house, as well as the collection and manner of displaying it to the visitor, has changed over the years. The changes have coincided with developing concepts of the American arts, increased knowledge on the part of collectors and students, and a progression toward the achievement of a historical effect in period-room displays. The rooms at Winterthur have followed this current, yet still retained the character of a private house.

The concept of a period room as a display technique has developed gradually over the years in an effort to present works of art in a context that would show them to greater effect and would give them more meaning for the viewer. Comparable to the habitat group in a natural history museum, the period room represents the decorative arts in a lively and interesting manner and provides an opportunity to assemble objects related by style, date, or place of manufacture.

1. What does the passage mainly discuss?

- (A) The reason that Winterthur was redesigned
- (B) Elements that make Winterthur an unusual museum
- (C) How Winterthur compares to English country house
- (D) Historical furniture contained in Winterthur

2. The phrase "devoted to" in the second line is closest in meaning to

- (A) surrounded by
- (B) specializing in
- (C) successful with
- (D) sentimental about

3. What happened at Winterthur between 1929 and 1931?

- (A) The owners moved out.
- (B) The house was repaired.
- (C) The old furniture was replaced.
- (D) The estate became a museum.

4. What does the author mean by stating "The impression of a lived-in house is apparent to the visitor"?

- (A) Winterthur is very old.
- (B) Few people visit Winterthur.
- (C) Winterthur does not look like a typical museum.
- (D) The furniture at Winterthur looks comfortable.

5. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT correct?

- (A) In the United States, collections of decorative arts are rarely displayed in country houses.
- (B) Following the concepts of the American arts, Winterthur has changed and developed from a private house to a public museum.
- (C) Objects in a period room are related by style, date, or place of manufacture.
- (D) Winterthur has been owned by the same family and served as the residence of that family for more than one century.

VI. 英譯中 25%

1. If the wilderness is our true home, and if it is threatened with invasion, pillage, and destruction—as it certainly is—then we have the right to defend that home, as we would our private quarters, by whatever means necessary. 12%

2. Contacts between professors and their students outside the classroom, ideally in walks or sports or social occasions, are as important as or perhaps more important than classroom contacts, because they reveal something to the student about reality that can be learned no other way. 13%